

National Volunteer Certificate Standards



Standard 3 – Respect everyone – equality, diversity and inclusion

e-LfH session: Equality, diversity and human rights for volunteers

	The Volunteer knows and understands:	The volunteer is able to:
3.1 Person-centred support	 a) What is meant by person centred support b) What is meant by diversity, equality and inclusion c) What is meant by discrimination d) Ways in which discrimination may deliberately or inadvertently occur in an organisation and between individuals e) How practices that support equality, diversity and inclusion reduce the likelihood of discrimination f) A range of environmental factors including lighting, noise, temperature, unpleasant odours that can contribute to a negative experience for an individual. 	 a) Support the individual using person centred values by promoting: Individuality Independence Privacy Partnership Choice Dignity Respect Rights b) Raise concerns about environmental factors causing discomfort or distress c) Report to a member of staff immediately if an individual is in distress or discomfort
3.2 Inclusivity	 a) Which legislation and policies relating to equality, diversity and discrimination apply to their own role b) How to challenge discrimination in a way that encourages positive change c) How their own previous experiences, attitudes and beliefs may affect the way they volunteer d) How, when and where to access information, advice and support about diversity, equality and inclusion e) When to seek advice and support if they experience discrimination themselves f) How to report if they witness discrimination happening to others 	 a) Volunteer in an inclusive way b) Interact with individuals in a way that respects their beliefs, culture, values and preferences



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3.3 Privacy	and dignity
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- a) What is meant by privacy and dignity
- b) Situations where an individual's privacy and dignity could be compromised
- c) How to maintain privacy and dignity in their role as a volunteer
- d) Why it is important not to disclose anything about the individual that they may wish to be kept private, unless it is appropriate to do so. This could include
 - health condition
 - sexual orientation
 - personal history
 - social circumstances
- e) Why it is important to maintain boundaries with personal data, including their own such as social media, phone numbers or email addresses

Maintain privacy and dignity by

- a) using appropriate volume to discuss the needs of an individual
- b) ensuring any discussion takes place in an environment where others cannot overhear
- c) getting permission before entering someone's personal space
- d) alerting individuals before entering their private space
- e) alerting relevant staff to re-position any clothing, gowns etc. correctly
- f) not touching patient's belongings without their consent
- g) reporting concerns to the relevant member of staff immediately